## What is claimed is:

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A polynucleotide comprising a first promoter derived from a gene encoding a co-stimulatory molecule and a first sequence encoding at least one antigen wherein said first sequence is operably linked to said first promoter.

- 2. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the promoter is derived from a CD80 (B7-1) gene.
- The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the promoter is derived from a CD86 (B7-2) gene.
  - 4. The polynucleotide of claim 1, further comprising a second sequence encoding at least one cytokine operably linked to the first promoter.
  - 5. The polynucleotide of claim 4, wherein the cytokine is selected from the group consisting of CD40 ligand (CD40L), tumor-necrosis factor-related activation-induced cytokine (TRANCE) and Flt3 ligand.
- 20 6. The polynucleotide of claim 1, further comprising a second sequence encoding at least one cytokine and a second promoter, wherein the second sequence is operably linked to the second promoter.
- 7. The polynucleotide of claim 6, wherein said second promoter is a25 constitutive promoter.
  - 8. The polynucleotide of claim 6, wherein the cytokine is selected from the group consisting of CD40 ligand (CD40L), tumor-necrosis factor-related activation-induced cytokine (TRANCE) and Flt3 ligand.

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- 9. A core carrier coated with a polynucleotide according to claim 1.
- 10. The carrier of claim 9, wherein the carrier is comprised of gold.
- 11. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- 12. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 11, further comprising a cytokine.
- 13. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 12, wherein the cytokine is selected from the group consisting of CD40L, tumor-necrosis factor-related activation-induced cytokine (TRANCE) and Flt3 ligand.
- 14. A method for eliciting an immune response in a vertebrate subject, said method comprising:
- (a) providing a nucleotide sequence encoding an antigen operably linked to a promoter derived from a gene encoding a co-stimulatory molecule, said promoter capable of directing the expression of said antigen in the subject; and
- (b) administering the nucleotide sequence to the subject, whereby the antigen is expressed in an amount sufficient to elicit an immune response.
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the co-simulatory molecule is CD80 or CD86.
  - 16. The method of claim 14, further comprising the step of administering at least one cytokine to the subject.



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- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the cytokine is administered as a polynucleotide encoding the at least one cytokine.
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein the cytokine is administered as a protein.
  - 19. The method of claim 16, wherein the cytokine is selected from the group consisting of CD40L, tumor-necrosis factor-related activation-induced cytokine (TRANCE) and Flt3 ligand (flt-3L).

20. A method for eliciting an immune response in a vertebrate subject, said method comprising:

- (a) providing a core carrier particle coated with a nucleotide sequence encoding at least one antigen, said nucleotide sequence operably linked to a promoter derived from a gene encoding a co-stimulatory factor, wherein said promoter is capable of driving expression of the antigen-encoding sequence in the subject; and
- (b) administering the coated particle to the subject using a particlemediated transdermal delivery technique, whereby the antigen is expressed in an amount sufficient to elicit an immune response.
- 21. The method of claim 20 wherein the core carrier particle is a gold particle.
- 25 22. The method of claim 20, wherein the nucleotide sequence further comprises a sequence encoding a cytokine selected from the group consisting of TRANCE, CD40L and flt-3L.



- 23. The method of claim 20, further comprising administering to the subject a cytokine selected from the group consisting of TRANCE, CD40L and flt-3L.
- 5 24. The method of claim 20, wherein step (b) is repeated to provide a prime and a booster administration.
  - 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the core carrier particle is a gold particle.

- 26. A vaccine composition comprising:
- (a) an expression vector comprising a polynucleotide encoding at least one antigen; and
- (b) at least one cytokine selected from the group consisting of CD40
  ligand (CD40L), tumor-necrosis factor-related activation-induced cytokine
  (TRANCE) and Flt3 ligand (flt-3L).
  - 27. A vaccine composition comprising:
    - (a) at least one peptide antigen; and
- 20 (b) an expression vector comprising a polynucleotide encoding at least one cytokine selected from the group consisting of CD40 ligand (CD40L), tumor-necrosis factor-related activation-induced cytokine (TRANCE) and Flt3 ligand (flt-3L).
- 25 28. A vaccine composition comprising:
  - (a) at least one peptide antigen; and
  - (b) at least one cytokine selected from the group consisting of CD40 ligand (CD40L), tumor-necrosis factor-related activation-induced cytokine (TRANCE) and Flt3 ligand (flt-3L).

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- 29. The vaccine composition according to claim 26, wherein the polynucleotide and/or the at least one cytokine is coated onto a core carrier.
- 30. The vaccine composition according to claim 27, wherein the polynucleotide and/or the at least one peptide antigen is coated onto a core carrier.
  - 31. The vaccine composition according to claim 28, wherein the at least one peptide antigen and/or the at least one cytokine is coated onto a core carrier.
    - 32. A method for eliciting an immune response in a vertebrate subject, said method comprising:
      - (a) providing a vaccine composition according to claim 26; and
- 15 (b) administering the composition to the subject, whereby the antigen is expressed in an amount sufficient to elicit an immune response.
  - 33. A method for eliciting an immune response in a vertebrate subject, said method comprising:
    - (a) providing a vaccine composition according to claim 27; and
  - (b) administering the composition to the subject in an amount sufficient to elicit an immune response.
- 34. A method for eliciting an immune response in a vertebrate subject, said method comprising:
  - (a) providing a vaccine composition according to claim 28; and
  - (b) administering the composition to the subject in an amount sufficient to elicit an immune response.



- 35. A method for eliciting an immune response in a vertebrate subject, said method comprising:
  - (a) providing a vaccine composition according to claim 29; and
- (b) administering the composition of step (a) to the subject using aparticle-mediated delivery technique.
  - 36. The method of claim 35, wherein the core carrier is a gold particle.
- 37. The method of claim 35, wherein step (b) is repeated to provide a prime and a booster administration.
  - 38. A method for eliciting an immune response in a vertebrate subject, said method comprising:
    - (a) providing a vaccine composition according to claim 30; and
- (b) administering the composition of step (a) to the subject using a particle-mediated delivery technique.
  - 39. The method of claim 38, wherein step (b) is repeated to provide a prime and a booster administration.
  - 40. A method for eliciting an immune response in a vertebrate subject, said method comprising:
    - (a) providing a vaccine composition according to claim 31; and
- (b) administering the composition of step (a) to the subject using aparticle-mediated delivery technique.
  - 41. The method of claim 40, wherein step (b) is repeated to provide a prime and a booster administration.

